



DIGITAL TEST SERIES

ALL COMPETITIVE EXAMS



BANK TEST-10

DAY -10

REASONING - 11 AM



ENSURE YOUR SUCCESS WITH- VIDEO GURU



A COMPLETE VIDEO CLASS
FOR YOUR PREPARATION



BOOST YOUR PREPARATIONS WITH MAHENDRAS: **STUDY MATERIAL, E-MICA, E-NEWS, BAGS & MUCH MORE.** VISIT NOW: myshop.mahendras.c



Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below-

M walks 7 km towards east and then he turns left and walks 3 km. Again he turns right and walks 7 km. Further he turns left and walks 6 km. Finally he turns left and walks 6km./M पूरब की दिशा में 7 किमी चलता है और फिर वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 3 किमी चलता है। फिर वह दाएं मुड़ता है और 7 किमी चलता है। फिर वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 6 किमी चलता है। अंत में वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 6 किमी. चलता है।

How far is he from his starting point?अपने शुरुआती बिंदु से वह कितनी दूरी पर है?

1. $\sqrt{158}$

2. $\sqrt{113}$

3. $\sqrt{145}$

4. $\sqrt{110}$

5. $\sqrt{104}$



Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below-

M walks 7 km towards east and then he turns left and walks 3 km. Again he turns right and walks 7 km. Further he turns left and walks 6 km. Finally he turns left and walks 6km./M पूरब की दिशा में 7 किमी चलता है और फिर वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 3 किमी चलता है। फिर वह दाएं मुड़ता है और 7 किमी चलता है। फिर वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 6 किमी चलता है। अंत में वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 6 किमी. चलता है।

How many total km did he cover from his starting point?

उसने अपने शुरुआती बिंदु से कितने कुल कितने किमी की दूरी तय की?

1. 29 km

2. 13 km

3. 25 km

4. 35 km

5. None of these



Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below-

M walks 7 km towards east and then he turns left and walks 3 km. Again he turns right and walks 7 km. Further he turns left and walks 6 km. Finally he turns left and walks 6km./M पूरब की दिशा में 7 किमी चलता है और फिर वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 3 किमी चलता है। फिर वह दाएं मुड़ता है और 7 किमी चलता है। फिर वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 6 किमी चलता है। अंत में वह बाएं मुड़ता है और 6 किमी. चलता है।

At last he is facing in which direction?/अंत में उसका मुख किस दिशा की ओर है?

1. East

2. West

3. South

4. North

5. None of these



How many meaningful word can be formed with the letters B, E, T, C, O, J using all the letters only once in each word?

प्रत्येक शब्द में प्रत्येक अक्षर का केवल एक बार प्रयोग करते हुये, अक्षरों B, E, T, C, O, J से, अंग्रेजी के कितने अर्थपूर्ण शब्द बनाये जा सकते हैं?

1. None

2. One

3. Two

4. Three

5. None of these



‘three four six nine eight is written as ‘12 14 16 18 20’

‘four five eight one two is written as ‘16 22 25 24 18’

‘six five eight three seven’ is written as ‘12 20 22 26 16’

What is the code for ‘seven’?/‘seven’ के लिए कोड क्या है?

1. 32

2. 26

3. 25

4. 20

5. None of these



‘three four six nine eight is written as ‘12 14 16 18 20’

‘four five eight one two is written as ‘16 22 25 24 18’

‘six five eight three seven’ is written as ‘12 20 22 26 16’

What is the code for ‘nine’?/‘nine’ के लिए कोड क्या है?

1. 32

2. 26

3. 25

4. 20

5. None of these



Statements:

Some loss are factor.

Some factor are good.

Some good are bad.

कुछ हानि, कारक हैं।

कुछ कारक, अच्छा हैं।

कुछ अच्छा, खराब हैं।

1. Some factor are bad.
2. Some good being loss is a possibility.
3. No factor is good.
4. Some loss are bad.
5. All bad are good.



Statements:

All pots are cows.

Some cups are pots.

Some caps are not pots.

सभी बर्तन, गायें हैं।

कुछ कप, बर्तन हैं।

कुछ ढक्कन, बर्तन नहीं हैं।

1. Some cups are not caps.
2. Some cups are not pots.
3. Some caps are pots.
4. All caps are cows.
5. All pots are caps.



Statements:

$Q > R$, $R \geq T$, $S < G$, $M > S$

Conclusions:

I. $R = S$

II. $M \geq Q$

1. If only conclusion I is true.
2. If only conclusion II is true.
3. If either conclusion I or II is true.
4. If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
5. If both conclusions I and II are true.





Statements: $M \geq F$, $W \geq T$, $F < D$, $W = M$

Conclusions: I. $F \geq D$

II. $W < D$

1. If only conclusion I is true.
2. If only conclusion II is true.
3. If either conclusion I or II is true.
4. If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
5. If both conclusions I and II are true.



Seven persons L, K, H, G, F, D and S are sitting in a row and facing towards North direction, but not necessarily in the same order.

L who is not at any end of the row, is immediate neighbour of F. D is third to the left of S who is not left side of H. Only two persons are between F and K. F is second from right end of a row. G sits at right end of the row.

सात व्यक्ति L, K, H, G, F, D और S एक पंक्ति में उत्तर दिशा की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में। L जो पंक्ति के किसी भी छोर पर नहीं है, F का तुरंत पड़ोसी है। D, S के बाएं तीसरा है जो H के बायें ओर नहीं है। F और K के बीच में केवल दो व्यक्ति है। F पंक्ति के दाएं छोर से दूसरा बैठा है। G अन्तिम दायें छोर पर बैठा है।

Who is second to the right of H?/H के दाएं दूसरा कौन है?

1. Either S or D
2. K
3. Either 1 or 2
4. L
5. None of these



Seven persons L, K, H, G, F, D and S are sitting in a row and facing towards North direction, but not necessarily in the same order.

L who is not at any end of the row, is immediate neighbour of F. D is third to the left of S who is not left side of H. Only two persons are between F and K. F is second from right end of a row. G sits at right end of the row.

सात व्यक्ति L, K, H, G, F, D और S एक पंक्ति में उत्तर दिशा की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में। L जो पंक्ति के किसी भी छोर पर नहीं है, F का तुरंत पड़ोसी है। D, S के बाएं तीसरा है जो H के बायें ओर नहीं है। F और K के बीच में केवल दो व्यक्ति है। F पंक्ति के दाएं छोर से दूसरा बैठा है। G अन्तिम दायें छोर पर बैठा है।

Which of the following is true regarding F with respect to S?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा S के सापेक्ष F के संबंध में सही है?

1. F is immediate left of S.
2. F is immediate right of S.
3. F is second to the right of S.
4. F is second to the left of S.
5. Cannot be determined



In a certain code language some words are written in coded form which are given below:

‘Shunt three grammar some’ is written as ‘12nuhs 27erht 16ammarg 26mos’

‘Talent demand back theme’ is written as ‘13nelat 29namad 20cab 27meht’

‘Father where too Delhi’ is written as ‘15ehtaf 27rehw 15ot 23hled’

‘Incredible proceed loan city’ is written as ‘32lbidercni 30eecorp 17aol 6tic’.

What is the code word for ‘mind’?/‘mind’ का कूट क्या है?

1. o8hgr
2. 18hmj
3. 17jik
4. 27nim
5. 22gfd



In a certain code language some words are written in coded form which are given below:

‘Shunt three grammar some’ is written as ‘12nuhs 27erht 16ammarg 26mos’

‘Talent demand back theme’ is written as ‘13nelat 29namad 20cab 27meht’

‘Father where too Delhi’ is written as ‘15ehtaf 27rehw 15ot 23hled’

‘Incredible proceed loan city’ is written as ‘32lbidercni 30eecorp 17aol 6tic’.

What the code word for ‘grow’?/‘grow’ के लिये कूट क्या है?

1. 9nvm

2. 8org

3. 12fgn

4. 18gkl

5. 23asr



In a certain code language some words are written in coded form which are given below:

‘Shunt three grammar some’ is written as ‘12nuhs 27erht 16ammarg 26mos’

‘Talent demand back theme’ is written as ‘13nelat 29namad 20cab 27meht’

‘Father where too Delhi’ is written as ‘15ehtaf 27rehw 15ot 23hled’

‘Incredible proceed loan city’ is written as ‘32lbidercni 30eecorp 17aol 6tic’.

What is the code word for the word ‘the’?/‘the’ के लिए कूट क्या है?

1. 20tu
2. 12ut
3. 8om
4. 25ht
5. None of these



A MILESTONE
in Making Your
Preparation
STRONGER

Buy From -
myshop.mahendras.org
Toll Free - 1800 103 5225

Bank, SSC & Railway
All Live Classes

In Just

One Ticket



Get Ticket To Your Success

₹999/- Only.

 **Mahendra's**

ENSURE YOUR SUCCESS WITH- **VIDEO GURU**



A COMPLETE VIDEO CLASS
FOR YOUR PREPARATION

Subscribe
BUTTON



BOOST YOUR PREPARATIONS WITH MAHENDRAS: STUDY MATERIAL, E-MICA, E-NEWS, BAGS & MUCH MORE. VISIT NOW: myshop.mahendras.org

