

REASONING ALL IN ONE 05 MARCH 2019

1. P+Q means P is father of Q P- Q means P is mother of Q
P/ Q means P is sister of Q P*Q means P is wife of Q
P%Q means P is son of Q
If 'M+S+N%P', then how is M related to N?
a) Grandson b) Maternal grandfather
c) Paternal grandfather d) Granddaughter
e) None of these
2. P+Q means P is father of Q P- Q means P is mother of Q
P/ Q means P is sister of Q P*Q means P is wife of Q
P%Q means P is son of Q
If 'M+S+N%P', then how is P related to S?
a) Husband b) wife
c) Grandfather d) Daughter in law
e) None of these
3. If 'A # B' means 'B is the mother of A'
If 'A * B' means 'B is the father of A'
If 'A ÷ B' means 'B is the sister of A'
If 'A × B' means 'B is the brother of A'
If 'A + B' means 'B is the daughter of A'
If 'A - B' means 'B is the son of A'
If 'P # Q + R * S + T' how is T related to Q?
यदि 'P # Q + R * S + T' तो T का Q से क्या सम्बन्ध है?
a) Nephew b) Brother
c) Mother d) Uncle
e) Daughter
4. If 'A # B' means 'B is the mother of A'
If 'A * B' means 'B is the father of A'
If 'A ÷ B' means 'B is the sister of A'
If 'A × B' means 'B is the brother of A'
If 'A + B' means 'B is the daughter of A'
If 'A - B' means 'B is the son of A'
If 'T - P ÷ Q' is given, then how is Q related to T?
यदि 'T - P ÷ Q' तो Q का T से क्या सम्बन्ध है?
a) Nephew b) Brother
c) Anut d) Uncle
e) Mother
5. A # B' means 'A is the daughter of B'
'A © B' means 'B is the brother of A'
'A = B' means 'B is the sister of A'
'A & B' means 'A is the son of B'
'A * B' means 'A is the father of B'
'A @ B' means 'A is the mother of B'
Which of the following can be the correct conclusion drawn from the expression
'A = P # Q © V * R'?
निम्न में से कौन इंगित करता है कि A, B का चाचा है।
a) R is the grandson of P b) A is the uncle of Q
c) Q is the uncle of R d) R is the niece of Q
e) None of thes
6. A # B' means 'A is the daughter of B'
'A © B' means 'B is the brother of A'
'A = B' means 'B is the sister of A'
'A & B' means 'A is the son of B'
'A * B' means 'A is the father of B'
'A @ B' means 'A is the mother of B'

Which of the following can be correct conclusion drawn from the expression
'E & C @ D © G = F'?

'E & C @ D © G = F' में से कौन सा सम्बन्ध सही है।

- a) D is the brother of F
 - b) C has two sons and two daughters
 - c) D is the sister of F
 - d) F is the sister of E
 - e) None of these
7. A # B' means 'A is the daughter of B'
'A © B' means 'B is the brother of A'
'A = B' means 'B is the sister of A'
'A & B' means 'A is the son of B'
'A * B' means 'A is the father of B'
'A @ B' means 'A is the mother of B'
What will come in the place of ? If P is grandson of Q is to be true in the given expression Q % T @ P ? S
उपर्युक्त Q % T @ P ? S समीकरण में दिये गये प्रश्न चिन्ह के स्थान पर क्या आयेगा। यदि P ग्रैंडसन हो Q का।
a) + b) ÷
c) % d) @
e) None of these
8. There are six children taking part in an essay competition, namely A, B, C, D, E and F. A and E are brothers. F and D are the sister of E. C is the only son of A's uncle. B and D are the daughters of the brother of C's father.
How is D related to A?
a) Uncle b) Sister
c) Niece d) Cousin
e) None of these
9. There are six children taking part in an essay competition, namely A, B, C, D, E and F. A and E are brothers. F and D are the sister of E. C is the only son of A's uncle. B and D are the daughters of the brother of C's father.
How many male competitors are there?
a) 6 b) 5
c) 4 d) 3
e) 2
10. R is the father of P, who is a son-in-law of M and S is the mother of G. S is a sister of K, who is a brother-in-law of P and H is the daughter of T, who is a grandmother of G.
How is G related to P?
a) Son b) Daughter
c) Granddaughter d) Grandson
e) Cannot be determined
11. R is the father of P, who is a son-in-law of M and S is the mother of G. S is a sister of K, who is a brother-in-law of P and H is the daughter of T, who is a grandmother of G.
If M is a female, then how is H related to S?
a) Sister b) Sister-in-law
c) Niece d) Cannot be determined
e) None of these