



# INDIAN

# PARLIAMENT



# Parliament of India

- Chapter-5 (79-122)
- President(art 79)
- Raj sabha(art 80)
- Lok sabha(art 81)

## Article 79

- संघ के लिए एक संसद होगी जो राष्ट्रपति और दो सदनों से मिलकर बनेगी जिनके नाम राज्य सभा और लोकसभा होंगे।

# Council of States (Raj Sabha)

## Art 80

- Maximum member - 250
- Present member – 245
- Nominated member - 12
- Elected - 233

(क) राष्ट्रपति द्वारा खंड (3) के उपबंधों के अनुसार नामनिर्देशित किए जाने वाले बारह सदस्यों, और

(ख) राज्यों के [17][और संघ राज्यक्षेत्रों के] दो सौ अड़तीस से अनधिक प्रतिनिधियों, से मिलकर बनेगी ।

(2) राज्य सभा में राज्यों के [और संघ राज्यक्षेत्रों के] प्रतिनिधियों द्वारा भरे जाने वाले स्थानों का आबंटन चौथी अनुसूची में इस निमित्त अंतर्विष्ट उपबंधों के अनुसार होगा ।

(3) साहित्य, विज्ञान, कला और समाज सेवा ।

(4) राज्य सभा में प्रत्येक राज्य के प्रतिनिधियों का निर्वाचन उस राज्य की विधान सभा के निर्वाचित सदस्यों द्वारा अनुपातिक प्रतिनिधित्व पद्धति के अनुसार एकल संक्रमणीय मत द्वारा किया जाएगा ।



- Composition of the Council of States

(1) The Council of States shall consist of

(a) twelve members to be nominated by the President.

(b) not more than two hundred and thirty eight representatives of the States and of the Union territories

(2) The allocation of seats in the Council of States to be filled by representatives of the States and of the Union territories shall be in accordance with the provisions in that behalf contained in the fourth Schedule

(3) namely: Literature, science, art and social service

# भारतीय संविधान अनुच्छेद 83

(1) राज्य सभा का विघटन नहीं होगा, किन्तु उसके सदस्यों में से यथासंभव निकटतम एक-तिहाई सदस्य, संसद द्वारा विधि द्वारा इस निमित्त किए गए उपबंधों के अनुसार, प्रत्येक द्वितीय वर्ष की समाप्ति पर यथाशक्य शीघ्र निवृत्त हो जाएँगे।

## Art 83

- Duration of Houses of Parliament

(1) The council of States shall not be subject to dissolution, but as nearly as possible one third of the members thereof shall retire as soon as may be on the expiration of every second year in accordance with the provisions made in that behalf by Parliament by law

(2) The House of the People, unless sooner dissolved, shall continue for five years from the date appointed for its first meeting and no longer and the expiration of the said period of five years shall operate as a dissolution of the House: Provided that the said period may, while a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation, be extended by Parliament by law for a period not exceeding one year as a time and not extending in any case beyond a period of six months after s the Proclamation has ceased to operate



# Art 84

- Citizen of India
- Age not less than 30 yr
- Office of Profit
- possesses such other qualifications as may be prescribed in that behalf by or under any law made by Parliament

## Art 89

- Officers of Raj sabha
- The Vice President of India shall be ex officio Chairman of the Council of States

(1) भारत का उपराष्ट्रपति राज्य सभा का पदेन सभापति होगा।

(2) राज्य सभा, यथाशक्य शीघ्र, अपने किसी सदस्य को अपना उपसभापति चुनेगी और जब-जब उपसभापति का पद रिक्त होता है तब-तब राज्य सभा किसी अन्य सदस्य को अपना उपसभापति चुनेगी।

## Art 312

- All India Services
  - The services known at the commencement of this Constitution as the Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service shall be deemed to be services created by Parliament under this article
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- अनुच्छेद 312: राज्य सभा विशेष बहुमत द्वारा नई अखिल भारतीय सेवाओं की स्थापना की अनुशंसा कर सकती है.
  - अनुच्छेद 315: संघ एवं राज्यों के लिए एक लोक सेवा आयोग की स्थापना की जाएगी.

# Union public service commission

## Art 315

- Pradeep Kumar Joshi
- New UPSC chairman Pradeep Kumar **Joshi** to have tenure till April 4, 2022.

- **Articles 315** to 323 of Part XIV of the constitution, titled as Services Under the Union and the States, provide for a Public Service Commission for the Union and for each state. Accordingly, as per Art. **315**, at Union level, Union Public Service Commission is envisaged by it.
- Tenure – 6 year or 65 year



# House of the people (Lok sabha)

## Art 81

- Maximum Member – 552
- State Representative – 530
- UT Representative – 20
- Present – 545
- Nominated - 2

# Election of Lok Sabha Member

- The Lok Sabha at present consists of 545 members. Of these, 530 members are directly elected from the States and 13 from Union Territories, while two are nominated by the **President** to represent the Anglo-Indian community.
- Direct Election

# Qualification

- Citizen of India
- Age not less than 25 yr
- Holds any office of profit under the Government of India (other than an office permitted by Parliament of India by law).
- Is of unsound mind.

- Potem Speaker – Virendra kumar
- Speaker – Om birla
- Secretory general – Snehlata Shrivastava
- Opposition leader – Adhiranjan choudhary

# Funds

- Consolidated Fund
- Under **Article 266** (1) of the Constitution of India, all revenues ( example tax revenue from personal income tax, corporate income tax, customs and excise duties as well as non-tax revenue such as licence fees, dividends and profits from public sector undertakings etc. )
- Public Account
- Contingency Fund