



# ***IBPS PO - PRE***



# ***ENGLISH***

# **CONNECTORS**

## **7:00 PM**



# CONNECTORS

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

# What Are Connectors ?

- Connectors are basically pairs of conjunctions that connect between ideas in sentences and paragraph. They help readers follow their reasoning

1. PARTICIPLE
2. PUNCTUATION
3. INFINITIVE
4. ADJECTIVE CLAUSE
5. ADVERBIAL CLAUSE
6. CONJUNCTIONS



1. His elder son is a hardworking and intelligent person
2. His younger son doesn't pay attention in the class

a. Once

b. Because

c. When

d. Whereas

e. however

- 1) The fruit of success is always sweet
  - 2) It can be enjoyed only after a prolonged period
- a. Unless                      b. Because                      c. But
- d. Therefore                      e. none of these

# ADDITION

1. FURTHER
2. FURTHERMORE
3. MOREOVER
4. IN ADDITION TO
5. ADDITIONALLY
6. BESIDES
7. FINALLY

# COMPARISON

1. SIMILARLY
2. COMPARABLE
3. IN THE SAME WAY
4. LIKE WISE
5. AS WITH
6. EQUALLY



# CONTRAST

1. HOWEVER
2. NEVERTHELESS
3. ON THE OTHER HAND
4. ON THE CONTRARY
5. EVEN SO
6. NOTWITHSTANDING
7. ALTERNATIVELY
8. AT THE SAME TIME
9. THOUGH
10. OTHERWISE
11. INSTEAD
12. NONETHELESS

# TIME

1. MEANWHILE
2. PRESENTLY
3. AT LAST
4. FINALLY
5. THEREAFTER
6. AT THAT TIME
7. SUBSEQUENTLY
8. EVENTUALLY
9. CURRENTLY

# RESULT

1. HENCE
2. THEREFORE
3. ACCORDINGLY
4. CONSEQUENTLY
5. THUS
6. THEREUPON
7. AS A RESULT
8. SO / THEN

1. The teacher delivered a wonderful lecture
  2. He had presented all the facts sequentially
    - i. Though
    - ii. As
    - iii. Once
- a. i and ii
  - b. Only iii
  - c. Only i
  - d. Only ii
  - e. i , ii and iii



1. Shivani wore her rain coat
  2. Her clothes stayed dry during the rain
    - i. However
    - ii. Therefore
    - iii. On the other hand
- 
- a. Only i
  - b. Only ii
  - c. Only iii
  - d. i and ii
  - e. none

In the questions given below few sentences are given which are grammatically correct and meaningful. Connect them by the word given above the statements in the best possible way without changing the intended meaning. Choose our answer accordingly from the options to form a correct, coherent sentence.

## Q1. THAT

- (A) The fact that the virus has managed to infect some of India's most secluded tribes in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands is a pointer.
- (B) The Supreme Court has given cogent reasons for a reconsideration of the verdict given by a five-judge Bench in 2004.
- (C) State legislatures have no power to create sub-classifications among the list of Scheduled Castes notified by the President.
- (D) It has now set deep roots within the country along with several other bacteria and viruses that thrive in India's tropical climate.

(a) A-D and B-C

(b) A-C

(c) B-C

(d) A-B

(e) None of these

- 1) The professor has asked the students not to copy their answers during the practical in the laboratory.
  - 2) The students kept on copying during their practical examination resulting in the expulsion of two of them from the examination.
- a. Yet
  - b. If
  - c. As
  - d. On account of
  - e. Owing to



- 1) I did not want to step out of the house yesterday because of the corona alert in my locality
- 2) I attended the IBPS examination as I had waited for this moment for the whole year.
  - a) Since
  - b) Nevertheless
  - c) On the other hand
  - d) By comparison
  - e) None of the above

- 1) Like every other Indian, I am a big fan of games and I also like to watch a lot of matches with my family.
- 2) I love to watch cricket matches and enjoy the nail-biting finish most of the matches have
  - a) Especially
  - b) Whether
  - c) Although
  - d) Nevertheless
  - e) None of the above

## Therefore

- (A) August 5 marked the one-year anniversary of the lockdown in Kashmir — a lockdown that started months ahead of the pandemic that broke out in the world.
- (B) The contrasting experience of Chile and India casts doubts on not just the country-level data but also the changes in underlying methodologies.
- (C) Narendra Modi, wanted to show his voters and supporters that he would deliver what was promised in the party's manifesto regarding Kashmir.
- (D) The multilateral agency's decision to suspend the publication and conduct a systematic review of the reports of the last five years is undoubtedly welcome.

- (a) A-D
- (b) A-C
- (c) B-D
- (d) A-B and C-D
- (e) None of these

## Q4. Although

- (A) India's large and increasingly well-off domestic market, while alluring, will likely not convince foreign companies to accept limits and conditions they might not accept elsewhere.
- (B) Early foreign investors in China endured years of losses caused by disadvantageous PRC policies, today's shareholders demand more accountability and faster profit-making from companies in which they are invested.
- (C) The anecdote has nothing to do with walls, or maybe it does, but it does illustrate what a long way Visva-Bharati has come from what Tagore imagined it to be.
- (D) Visva-Bharati was born in 1921, three years after World War I had ended.

- (a) A-D and B-C      (b) A-C and B-D      (c) B-C
- (d) A-B      (e) None of these



## Q5. BUT

- (A) There have been many documented negatives and the overall sour foreign relations picture right now.
- (B) Bengal has rejected the twin formula presented by the Centre to meet the shortfall in the GST compensation pool.
- (C) China continues to offer investors many advantages, such as a manufacturing infrastructure and skill level that allows innovations to move quickly from prototype to product.
- (D) Mitra said he would talk to other states and take a collective stance to impress upon her central counterpart Nirmala Sitharaman.

(a) A-B and C-D

(b) A-C

(c) B-C

(d) A-D

(e) None of these

## Q2. EVEN THOUGH

- (A) The Big Mac Index was never intended to be a precise economic parameter to check purchasing-power parity around the globe.
- (B) Burgernomics somehow emerged as a promising niche field of economic studies.
- (C) The partial parity index has become a global standard and is subject of at least 20 academic studies.
- (D) The Big Mac Index was invented by The Economist in 1986.

- (a) Only C-D
- (b) Only B-D
- (c) Only A-B
- (d) Both A-C and B-D
- (e) None of these

