



MISSION SELECTION



एसएससी CGL/CHSL/CPO SERIES



Good  
evening  
Saurabh

GS

Share

# PYQ Discussion Polity

## पिछले वर्ष के प्रश्नों पर चर्चा राजनीति

6:30 PM





The President can declare national emergency

राष्ट्रपति राष्ट्रीय आपातकाल की घोषणा कर सकते हैं:

(a) only in case of foreign attack

(b) only in case of armed rebellion

~~(c) if he is satisfied that a great threat exists to the security of India either due to war or external aggression or armed rebellion~~

(d) none of the above/

केवल विदेशी हमले के मामले में

(b) केवल सशस्त्र विद्रोह के मामले में

(ग) यदि वह संतुष्ट है कि यद्ध या बाहरी आक्रमण या सशस्त्र विद्रोह के कारण भारत की सुरक्षा के लिए एक बड़ा खतरा मौजूद है

(d) उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं /

Source → Germany

Article

Past years

352

National Emergency

356

State " (Presidential Rule)

360

Financial Emergency

352

1962 - Indo China

1971 - Indo - Pak (Bang.)

25 Jun 1975

XXX



Which has become a legal right under 44<sup>th</sup> Amendment?

44 वें संशोधन के तहत कौन सा कानूनी अधिकार बन गया है?

- (a) Right to Education
- ~~(b) Right to Property~~
- (c) Right to Judicial Remedies
- (d) Right to work

State ⇒ Directive  
Right to work

FR  
DPSP  
Union  
FD

- (ए) शिक्षा का अधिकार
- (ब) संपत्ति का अधिकार
- (c) न्यायिक उपचार का अधिकार
- (d) कार्य करने का अधिकार

FR → Adopt - USA  
⑦ → ⑥

Magna Carta

Ireland

Directive principle on state policies  
राज्यों के प्रति निर्देश तत्व

Right to freedom of Religion  
Cultural & Educational  
Right to equality  
Right to freedom  
Right to Against Ex

Constitution (SSC CGL 2013)

Remedy  
E<sub>q</sub> Fr A<sub>e</sub> FR CE CR

1979

with Am = ?

Right to Property





South Africa

← Amd = संशोधन →

→ Part - 5 - Executive Head

Which of the following appointments is not made by the President of India?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी नियुक्ति भारत के राष्ट्रपति द्वारा नहीं की जाती है?

(1) Speaker of the Lok Sabha

(१) लोकसभा अध्यक्ष

(2) Chief Justice of India

(२) भारत के मुख्य न्यायाधीश

(3) Chief of Air Staff

(३) वायु सेनाध्यक्ष

(4) Chief of Army

(४) सेनाध्यक्ष

Article - 52-62

President - Post - USA

Working - UK

Election - USA

Method

"

Ireland

Power of President

Appointment

Financial Commission

↳ Chairmen

Cabinet → Secretaries

Chairmen of   
 SC   
 ST   
 Commission   
 OBC

Indian   
 Ambassador

PM

Council of Minister गोपरीषद्

Gov. in All states

Judges in   
 SC - CJI   
 HC - CJI & C

Att General

CAG

Chairmen of UPSC

Chief Election Commission Member

Military forces

# Chief - Army

Navy

Air force

Share like Sub



Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

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List - I

List - II

- a. Member of Parliament → 1. Elected by an Electoral College  
b. President → 2. Elected by the Parliament  
c. Vice-President → 3. Elected by the Lok Sabha  
d. Speaker → 4. Elected by adult voting  
↳ 18 year

✓ Code :

a b c d

(1) 1 2 3 4

(2) 2 3 4 1

(3) 3 4 1 2

✓ ~~(4)~~ 4 1 2 3



VP → C-11  
62 Post Vacant → GM - New Election → New PM

When there is a vacancy in the office of the President and the Vice President at the same time, the office is held temporarily by

जब राष्ट्रपति और उपराष्ट्रपति के कार्यालय में एक ही समय में रिक्ति होती है, तो कार्यालय अस्थायी रूप से आयोजित किया जाता है

Art. = 62

③ → Dr. Zakir Hussain (1967-1969) → V.V. Giri

Req.

Justice M.

Share

leke

Hidayatullah

Working President

(1) a person nominated by both the Houses of Parliament

(2) the Speaker of Lok Sabha

(3) the Deputy Chairman of Rajaya Sabha

~~(4) the Chief Justice of India~~

(१) संसद के दोनों सदनों द्वारा नामित व्यक्ति

(२) लोकसभा अध्यक्ष

(३) राज्य सभा के उपाध्यक्ष

(४) भारत के मुख्य न्यायाधीश

no

# President - Honorable Ram Nath Kovind

# Vice President - " M. Venkatesh Narayana

# C-11 = ? = H. Sharad Arvind Bobde



Share  
Live  
Sub

17 → LS  
16 → PM  
14 → President  
13 → V.P

The National Commission for Minorities was constituted in the year ?

राष्ट्रीय अल्पसंख्यक आयोग का गठन वर्ष में किया गया था?

(SSC CGL 2012)

(a) 1990

(b) 1992

(c) 1980

(d) 1989

6

- The Union Government set up the National Commission for Minorities (NCM) under the National Commission for Minorities Act, 1992.
- Six religious communities, viz; Muslims, Christians, Sikhs, Buddhists, Zoroastrians (Parsis) and Jains have been notified in Gazette of India as minority communities by the Union Government all over India .
- Original notification of 1993 was for five religious communities; Sikhs, Buddhists, Parsis, Christians and Muslims.





The number of subjects in the Union List of the Indian Constitution is

भारतीय संविधान की संघ सूची में विषयों की संख्या है

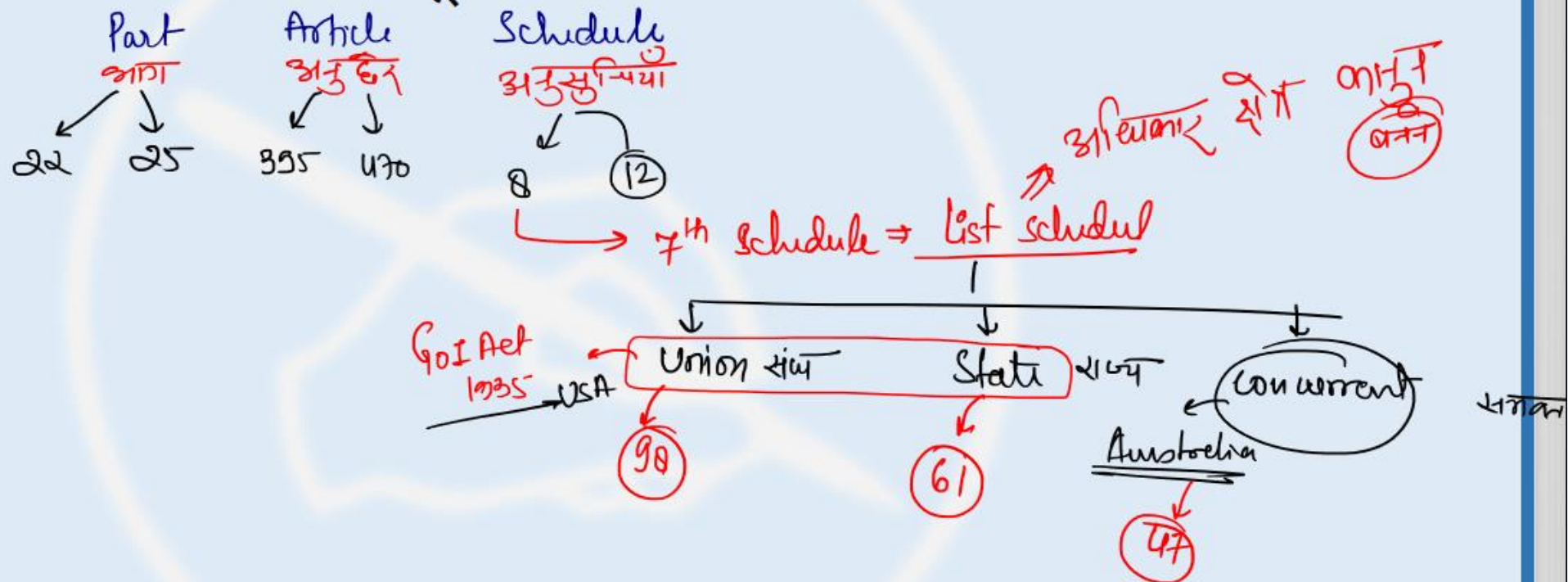
(SSC ASI Exam 2010)

(1) 47

(2) 66

(3) 98

(4) 100







The number of subjects in the Union List of the Indian Constitution is

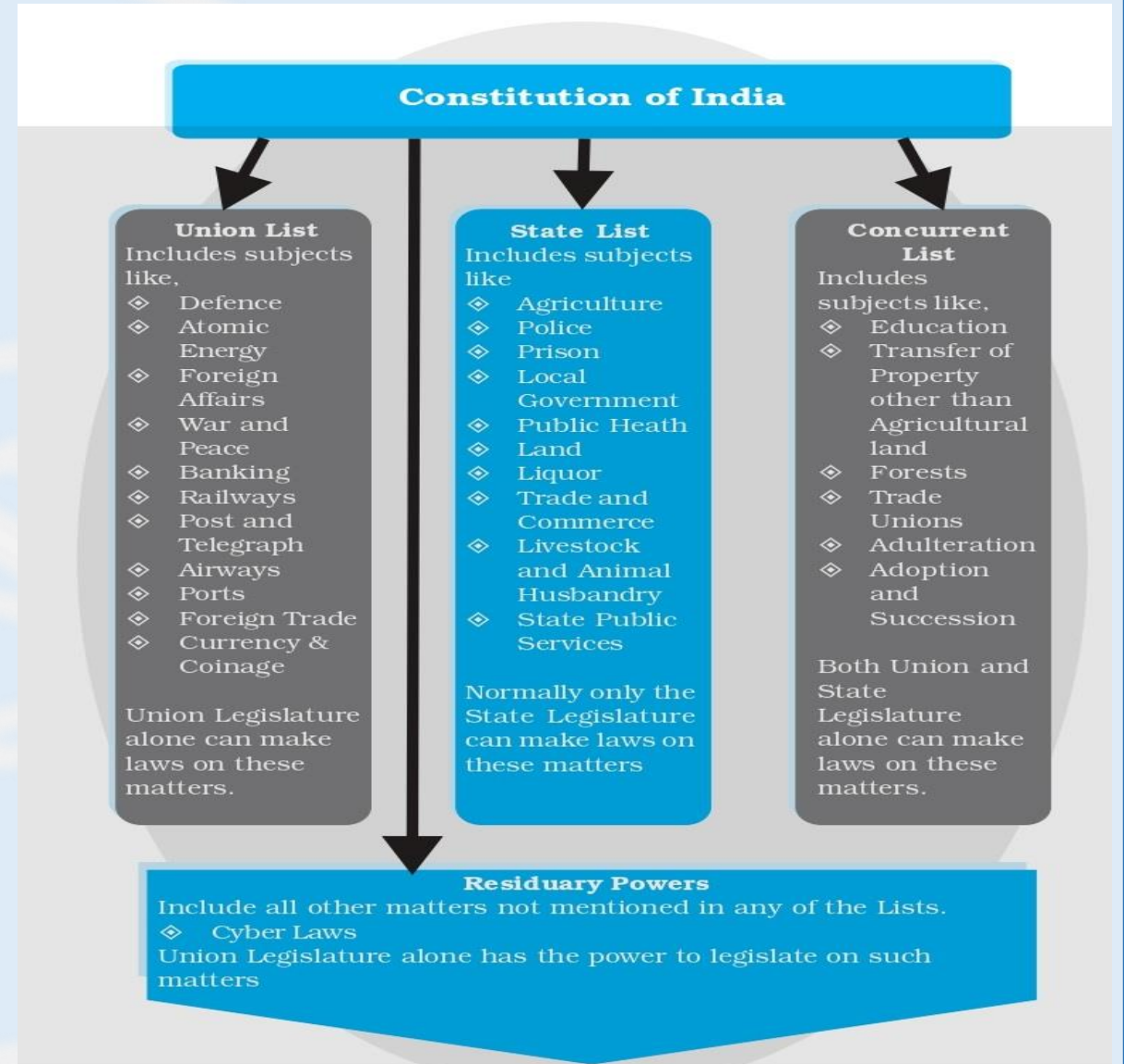
भारतीय संविधान की संघ सूची में

(1) 47

(2) 66

(3) 98

(4) 100





# राष्ट्रीय मानव अधिकार आयोग का अध्यक्ष कौन बन सकता है

Constitutional  
Non constitutional

Who can become the chairman of National Human Rights Commission

1. ~~Former SC judge~~

2. Prime Minister

3. CJI

4. Leader of Opposition

V.C. LEO - Amilabh Kant

The National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) of India is a Statutory public body constituted on 12 October 1993 under the Protection of Human Rights Ordinance of 28 September 1993.

The Chairperson and members of the NHRC are appointed by the President of India

1st - Justice Ranganath Misra

Last - Justice H.L. Dattu



The declaration of Constitutional Emergency in an Indian State has to be approved by the Parliament within a period of (SSC 2010)

भारतीय राज्य में संवैधानिक आपातकाल की घोषणा को संसद द्वारा अनुमोदित किया जाना है

(1) 2 months

(2) 4 months

(3) 6 months

(4) 12 months



What is the tenure of the Prime Minister of India?

LS ⇒ LS

= RS = 6 year

भारत के प्रधान मंत्री का कार्यकाल क्या है?

(1) Conterminous with the tenure of the Lok Sabha

(2) Conterminous with the tenure of the President

(3) As long as he enjoys the support of a majority in the Lok Sabha

(4) Five years

(LS)

(१) लोक सभा के कार्यकाल के साथ सांठगांठ

(२) राष्ट्रपति के कार्यकाल के साथ सांठगांठ

(३) जब तक उसे लोकसभा में बहुमत का समर्थन प्राप्त है

(४) पाँच साल

\* Muzarji-Desai

1st Non-Long

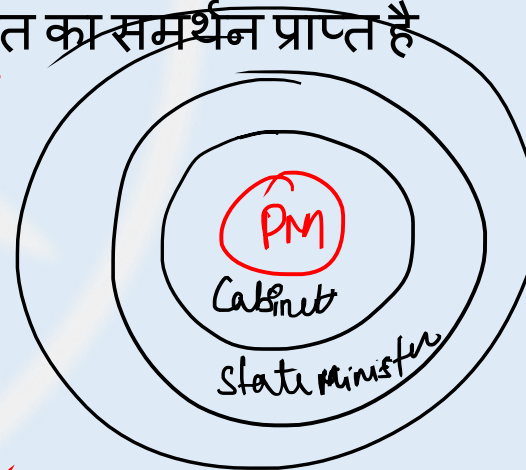
Gov. Party Gov

No-Confidence

PM Resign Gov

अविश्वास पत्र

Council of Ministers







NTPC

GS GA With Sanjay Sir

**Abolishment of Title** belongs to which one of the following Article?

**शीर्षक का उन्मूलन** निम्नलिखित में से किस अनुच्छेद का है?

1. Article 19 ⇒ free speech ⇒ <sup>अप्रबाल</sup> Nation - Against X

2. Article 32 ⇒ Constitutional Remedy

3. Article 18 ⇒ Pr / Defence → Retirement  
use

4. Article 20 ⇒ conservation in offence → 20(a)

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar  
Heart & soul of Consti'

Wait - (5)

You Enigay  
Daily

Commul  
6:30

उपेक्षित का अंत,

Abolishment of Title Article 18