

English (4 OCTOBER 2019)

Q.1 Each one of (1) /us goes to (2)/ purchase items for (3)/ our own use. (4) /No error (5)

ANS-(3) 'our own use' की जगह 'his own use' होगा क्योंकि दिये गये वाक्य का subject 'each' है, जिसके लिए Possessive 'his' का प्रयोग होता है

Each of you/them/us has completed their work.(x)

Each of you/them/us has completed our work. (x)

Each of you/them/us has completed his work. (✓✓)

Q.2 The person which was (1) /recommended "for the position (2)/ did not fulfil (3)/ the prescribed qualifications. (4) /No error (5) .

ANS-(1) 'The person which was' की जगह The person who/that

was' क्योंकि a person के लिए Relative Pronoun के रूप में who अथवा that का प्रयोग किया जाता है, न कि which का।

Q.3 Whenever you speak, (1) / take care that (2)/ other are not hurt (3)/by your words. (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(3)'other are not hurt' की जगह 'others are not hurt' होगा।

Q.4 Whenever they go out (1) / for shopping they (2) / take his (3)/ pet dog with them. (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(2)'take his' की जगह take their' होगा क्योंकि 'they का possessive case 'their' होता है न कि his.

देखिए&

They did not do his work. (x)

They did not do their work. (✓)

Q.5 Why did people get (1) / so much annoyed (2)/ even at little provocation (3)/ is a matter of investigation. (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(1)'why did people get' की जगह 'why people get' होगा क्योंकि Interrogative word के साथ clause का structure निम्न प्रकार का होता है

Interrogative word+ Subject + verb

दिए गए वाक्य में people के annoyed होने का काम present में होगा।

Q.6 You should inform (1) / your superiors about (2)/ all those events who are (3)/ directly related to your work. (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(3) 'all those events who are' की जगह 'all those events which/that are' होगा क्योंकि *events or non-livings* के लिए Relative Pronoun 'which/that' का प्रयोग किया जाता है।

Q.7 It is very important that (1) / you be firm on (2)/ what have you (3)/decided for implementation. (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(3) 'what have you' की जगह 'what you have' होगा, क्योंकि How, where, what, which, why, whom, whose से जब interrogative sentence बनाया जाता है, तो इसके बाद verb+ subject रखा जाता है, तो इनके बाद Interrogative clause subject + verb रखा जाता है।

What have you bought ?(✓)

What you have bought ?(x)

She does not know what you have bought ? (✓)

She does not know what have you bought ? (x)

Why are you weeping ?(✓)

Why you are weeping ?(x)

I can't say why Payal is weeping now.(✓)

I can't say why is Payal weeping now.(x)

I don't know what h£ likes..(✓)

I don't know what does he likes.(x)

What they will do is not known to me.(✓)

What will they do is not known to me.(x)

Q.8 What should we do (1) / is a matter of (2)/ our own choice (3)/ and desire. (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(1) 'What should we do' की जगह 'What we should do' होगा।

Q.9 9. I do not understand (1) / what to make employees(2)/ so agitated on (3)/ such trivial issues. (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(2) 'what to make employees' की जगह 'what makes/what made/ what has made' का प्रयोग होगा।

Q.10 Why we do not (1) / meet to discuss (2)/ this matter in detail (3)/ on Friday next ? (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(1)'why we do not' की जगह 'why do we not' का प्रयोग होगा। क्योंकि वाक्य के अंत में Sign of interrogation है, अतः वाक्य के अंत में (?) है, अतः Interrogative Pattern पर होगा वाक्य

Interrogative Pattern देखें-

देखिए- Wh - word + Aux. verb + S + Main verb

Why is she weeping ? (✓)

Why she is weeping ? (x)

What has he bought ? (✓)

What he has bought ? (x)

Q.11 Anil was a painter (1) / whom we all thought (2)/ would get a contract (3)/ for that painting (4) / No error (5)

ANS-(2) 'whom we all thought' की जगह 'who we all thought' होगा क्योंकि whom का प्रयोग objective case में किया जाता है, जबकि who का प्रयोग Nominative case में किया जाता है स्पष्ट है कि दिये गए वाक्य में Whom Meaningless है।

Q.12 What does matter (1) / most is the behavior (2)/ and not(3)/ the polite conversation. (4) / No error

ANS- (1) 'What does matter' की जगह 'What matters' होगा| क्योंकि what का प्रयोग जब रूप में किया जाता है, तो simple , present अथवा में Past Tense शब्दों का Arrangement इस प्रकार होता है-

What + Main verb

What does disturb me most is Pintoo's wrong decision.(x)

What disturbs me most is Pintoo's wrong decision. (✓)

I don't know What does disturb him.(x)

I don't know What disturbs him.(✓)

What does happen when water is heated.(x)

What happens when water is heated.(✓)

Q.13 If all of you quarrel (1)/ among your self (2)/ we shall not be able (3)/ to solve your problems. (4)/ No error (5)

ANS- (2) 'among yourself' की जगह 'among yourselves' होगा| क्योंकि your(singular) का Reflexive/Emphatic Pronoun-yourself होता है, जबकि you (plural) का '&'yourselves' होता है।

देखिए-

You hurt yourselves.(x)

You hurt yourself(✓)

All of You hurt yourself.(x)

All of You hurt yourselves(✓)

Q.14 The master (1)/ did not know (2)/ who of the servants (3)/broke the jug. (4)/No error (5)

ANS-(3) 'who of the servants' की जगह 'which of the servants' होगा| क्योंकि Choice which Interrogative Pronoun का प्रयोग किया जाता है।

Who of them has broken your stick ? (x)

Which of them has broken your stick ? (✓)

देखिए-

Who is weeping ? (✓)

Q.15 15. One of them (1)/ forgot to take (2)/I their bag (3)/ from the school. (4)/ No error (5)

ANS-(3) 'their bag' की जगह 'his bag' होगा| क्योंकि दिए गए वाक्य का Subject 'one' है तथा इसके लिए Possessive case his प्रयोग किया जाता है।

देखिए-

One of them has left their book. (x)

One of them has left his book. (✓)

One of the boys has completed their work. (x)

One of the boys has completed his work. (✓)

Q.16 Things will not (1)/ improve unless (2)/ you yourself (3)/ look into it.(4)/ No error (5).

ANS-(4) 'look into it' की जगह 'look into them' होगा|क्योंकि यहाँ pronoun का प्रयोग things के लिए किया गया है, जो कि plural number में है। अतः इसके लिए Plural Pronoun प्रयोग किया जायेगा।

These books are useless unless you read it. (x)

These books are useless unless you read them. (✓)

This book is useless unless your read that. (x)

This book is useless unless you read it. (✓)

Q.17 This is one company who (1)/ not only sells its (2)/ products but also gives (3)/ goods after sales service. (4)/ No error (5)

ANS-1) 'This is one company who' की जगह 'This is one company which' होगा।

Q.18 Who of (1)/ the two (2)/ is joining (3)/ the team ?(4)/ No error (5).

ANS-(1) 'who of' की जगह 'which of' होगा| क्योंकि choice/selection बतलाने के लिए Interrogative Pronoun के रूप में 'which' का प्रयोग किया जाता है 'who' का नहीं।

Q.19 I and Sumesh will (1)/proceed on journey tomorrow (2)/as it is an auspicious day (3)/according to my uncle. (4)/No error (5)

ANS-(1) 'I and Sumesh will' की जगह 'Sumesh and I will' होगा।

Q.20 On December 2, 1927 (1)/the Model Ford (2)/who (3)/cost \$385/ was Introduced.(4)/No error (5)

ANS-(2) 'who' की जगह 'which' होगा।

देखिए-

The letter, who is written is dropped.

↓ ↓

Thing R.P.

The letter, which is written is dropped.

↓ ↓

Thing R.P.

The boy, which was punished was not my student.

↓ ↓

Person R.P.

The boy, who was punished was not my student.

↓ ↓

Person R.P.

Q.21 He is certainly a man (1)/whom I know very well (2)/is trust worthy beyond doubt(3)/and meticulous in his habits. (4)/ No error (5)

(2)'whom I know very well ' की जगह 'who I know well 'होगा

Q.22 One should make (1)/his best efforts if (2)/one wishes to achieve (3)/success in this organization (4)/No error (5)

ANS-(2)'his best efforts' की जगह 'One's best effort 'होगा क्योंकि one का possessive one's होता है

Q.23 It is very vulgar mind (1)/who would wish to (2)/command where he can (3)/have the service for the asking. (4)/No error (5)

ANS-(2)'who' की जगह 'which/ that'होगा

Q.24 All of us enjoyed (1)/heartily when we (2)/went out on a (3)/ picnic with our teacher(4)/No error (5)

ANS-(1)'All of us enjoyed heartily' की जगह 'All of us enjoyed ourselves' होगा क्योंकि avoid, enjoyed avail, pride etc. के बाद Reflexive Pronoun का प्रयोग होता है

Q.25 The principal decided to (1)/sanction any money (2)/that was required for (3)/completing the project. (4)/ No error (5)

ANS-(2)'sanction any money ' की जगह 'sanction some money 'होगा। some का प्रयोग Affirmative sentence जबकि any का प्रयोग negative/interrogative sentence में होता है

Q.26 John and Peter are brothers. I know very well and my father likes very much.

ANS-1. John and Peter are brothers. I know them very well and my father likes them very much.

Q.27 This book has many interesting pictures and stories. I like very much.

ANS-2. This book has many interesting pictures and stories. I like it very much.

Q.28 The woman gave sweets to the children, but did not thank

ANS-3. The woman gave sweets to the children, but they did not thank her.

Q.29The teacher said, 'John, you're a naughty boy. don't obey

ANS-4. The teacher said, 'John, you're a naughty boy. You don't obey me.'

Q.29 The boys were late so the teacher scolded

ANS-5. The boys were late so the teacher scolded them.

CONFUSING WORDS

(1) SIGHT- दृष्टि/नजारा Ability to see/view

SITE- कार्यस्थल @ A place of construction

CITE- उल्लेख करना @ To mention

(2) ROUT धराशाही करना / To defeat Completely

ROUTE- रास्ता @ Path

ROOT जड़ +@The underground Part of tree

(3) RISE- उठना/जागना to get up

RAISE- उठाना @ to lift

RAZE- ध्वस्त करना@to demolish

RAGE- गुस्सा @ Anger

HOME WORK ANSWER

1) THAT

2) WHICH

3) WHICH

HOME WORK

7. My father told my mother, 'I want to take these jewels and put in a box. When have done that come and see and will tell why don't want to keep in that box.'

